

# ecology and environment, inc.

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International Specialists in the Environmental Sciences



#### MEMORANDUM

DATE: 7/8/82

SUBJ: Yakima Agricultural Research

Laboratory, U.S.D.A.

TO: John Osborn

REF: TDD 10-8206-01

FROM: Jacqueline Betz

CC: Phil Wong

#### 1.0 SUMMARY

The U.S. Department of Agriculture's Research Laboratory in Yakima, Washington, has been researching pesticides since 1961. Many unknown formulations of pesticides are analyzed and consequently disposed of in a septic tank that has a drainfield system.

Because the geology of the area is characterized by sands and gravels with high permeability, there is concern that pesticides may be leaching into the drinking water aquifer.

The Field Investigation Team (FIT) conducted a preliminary site investigation on June 24, 1982. The plant manager was (b)(6) and no one was knowledgeable about the history of pesticide disposal methods and no maps were available to indicate the exact location of the drainfield system at the time. An HNU photoionizer, placed in shallow holes south of the septic tank dug by the FIT detected volatile organics in the soil above the background level. These volatile compounds were thought to be from the petroleum carrier solution mixed with the pesticides.

### 2.0 PHYSICAL DESCRIPTION

#### 2.1 LOCATION

The U.S. Department of Agriculture's Research Laboratory, 3706 West Nob Hill Blvd., Yakima, Washington 98902, is located within the city limits of Yakima in Section 27, Range 18 East, Township 13 North, Yakima West Quadrangle: Latitude 46°36'57", Longitude 120°33'37" (see Figure 1). The area is zoned for mixed use (commercial, residential, industrial).

#### 2.2 CLIMATE AND WATER BUDGET

According to the <u>Climatic Atlas of the United States</u> (U.S. Department of Commerce, 1968) this area receives approximately 8 inches of total precipitation annually with a mean annual lake evaporation of 42 inches. Approximately 75 percent of the precipitation falls in the period October through March.

The area is characterized by a dry continental climate because it lies in the rain shadow of the Cascade Mountain Range. The hottest months are June-August with temperatures as high as 100°F. The coolest months are December-February with minimum temperatures in the 20's F.

#### 2.3 GEOLOGY AND HYDROLOGY

Well logs indicate the immediate area is underlain by a sandy gravelly loam on top of a cemented sand and gravel referred to in some well logs as conglomerate. Soil permeability is high and slopes are low (<2%). Water yields in these gravels is relatively low but adequate for domestic needs. The major aquifer is in the Yakima basalt at depth (Foxworthy, 1962).

The water table is shallow (<20 feet), mainly because of extensive irrigation in the area during the summer, and also influx from creeks draining the mountains. Groundwater flow is to the southeast towards the Yakima River.

Well logs for domestic wells are not required by the County of Yakima, therefore, groundwater use in the vicinity cannot be quantifed. However, there are some well logs filed that indicate shallow wells downgradient are presently being used for private domestic purposes (see Well Logs, Attachment A). The primary use of groundwater in this area is for irrigation. Public water is supplied by the City of Yakima from the Naches River.

#### 2.4 LAND USE AND SENSITIVE HABITATS

The area surrounding the site is within metropolitan Yakima. More than 10,000 people live within a mile of the site. According to the U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service (USFW) no known threatened or endangered species inhabit this area. It is not registered as a critical habitat by the USFW.

#### 3.0 DISPOSAL PRACTICES

The research facility generated little waste from its beginning in 1961 through 1968 according to B. Brown, Administrative Officer. Wastes from 1961 through 1968 were disposed of on the ground. About 1968 the septic tank and drainfield system were installed to dispose of unused mixed pesticides from spray application equipment, wastes from a mixing formulation laboratory and rinse water from spray application equipment. A sink and toilet also drain into the 300 gallon septic tank.

The USDA estimates that about 250 gallons of mixed pesticides and about 5000 gallons of rinsate from the application equipment are injected into the septic tank each year.

#### 4.0 PRELIMINARY SITE INVESTIGATION

On June 24, 1982, the FIT visited the site with Dennis Bowhay, Washington State Department of Ecology. An HNU photoionizer, used to check for organics in the soil, showed several readings above the background level in the area to the south of the septic tank (see attached maps of the facility). There was a slight chemical odor. The cement drain for the septic tank was in active use while the FIT was on site (see photographs, attached).

#### 5.0 DISCUSSION

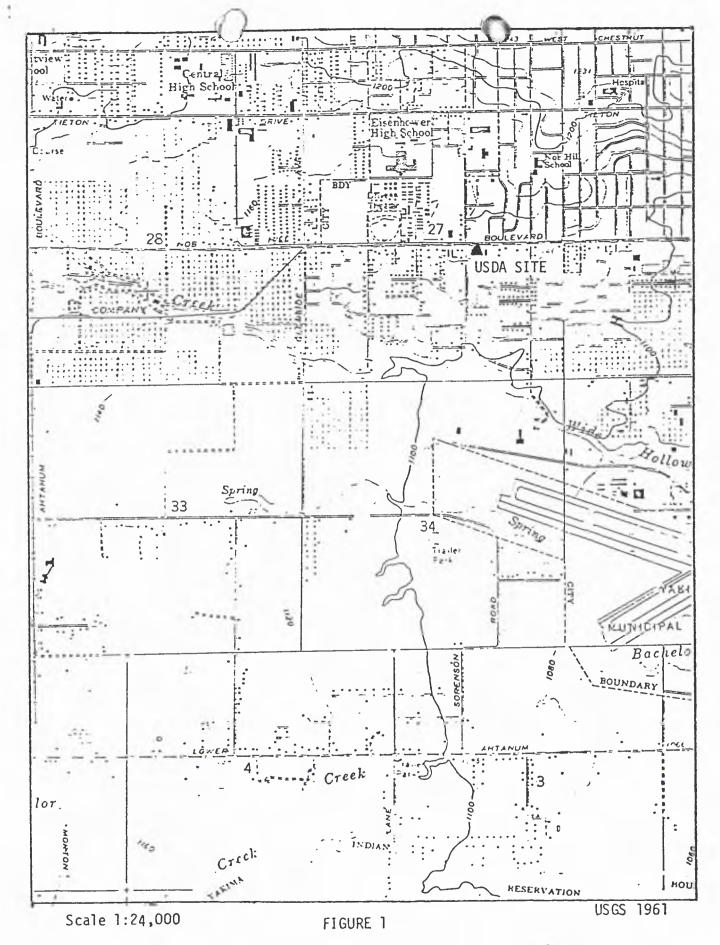
About 250 gallons of mixed pesticides and 5000 gallons of rinsate has been disposed of annually for the last 14 years at this site. It is assumed that some of these pesticides are toxic and persistent and pose a threat to human health and the environment. There is the possibility of offsite migration of pollutants into the unconfined aquifer, used downgradient for private domestic drinking water wells.

#### 6.0 CONCLUSIONS AND RECOMMENDATIONS

Unknown formulations of mixed pesticides are likely to be leaching into the groundwater and migrating offsite. The FIT recommends that domestic wells in the area be sampled and analyzed for priority pollutants and pesticides. An upgradient domestic well could be used as a monitoring well and 'a minimum of two downgradient wells onsite should be installed to determine what migration may be taking place.

#### REFERENCES

- Foxworthy, B.L., 1962, Geology and groundwater resources of the Ahtanum Valley, Yakima County, WA. U.S. Geological Survey, Water Supply Paper 1598.
- U.S. Geological Survey (USGS), 1958, (photorev. 1974) Yakima West, WA.: National Topography Map Series, Scale 1:24,000.



YAKIMA AGRICULTURAL RESEARCH LABORATORY, YAKIMA, WA

#### WATER WELL REPORT STATE OF WASHINGTON

Application	No.	7

(b)(6)	01 01	TION TON	Permit No	J	
(1) OWNER: Name.		(b)(6) Address	44.6	line, W	dele.
(2) LOCATION OF WELL: County	en .		Ju SEN Sec 27 T		
g and distance from section or subdivision corner	Charge	- 1	Sec - T	.1.3N., R.	18 W.M.
(3) PROPOSED USE: Domestic X Industrial 🗆 Mi	unicipal []	(10) WELL LOG:			
Irrigation [ Test Well [ Ot	ther 🗌	Formation: Describe by co	olor, character, size of mate and the kind and nature of at least one entry for each	rial and stru	cture, and
(4) TYPE OF WORK: Owner's number of well		stratum penetrated, with	at least one entry for each	change of	formation.
(4) 1112 Of Works. (if more than one)  New well Method: Dug	Bored [	MA'	TERIAL	FROM	TO
Deepened   Cable	Driven 🗆	Tap 1	sil.	0	10
Reconditioned 🖂 Rotary 🔀	Jetted 🔲	Comshow	. 70	10	.58
(F) DIMENSIONS		0			
	inches.				
Drilledft. Depth of completed well	)1t.				
(6) CONSTRUCTION DETAILS:			· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		
Casing installed: 5 "Diam. from . O. ft. to	28' /c"				
Threaded [] "Diam. from ft. to					
Welded Diam. from . ft. to			W		
			**		
Perforations: Yes 🗆 No 💢					
Type of perforation used					
SIZE of perforations in. by perforations from ft. to .	. in.				
perforations from ft. to					
perforations from ft. to	ft.	1			
Screens: Yes No W					
Manufacturer's Name		(b)(6	5)		
Type . Model No				1	-
Diam. Slot size from ft. to	ft.				•
Dar. Slot size from ft. to	ft.				
Gravel packed: Yes   No Size of gravel.					
Gravel placed from ft. to	ft.			<u> </u>	
Surface seal: Yes No To what depth?	D ft.				
Material used in seal of Antonita in Did any strata contain unusable water? Yes		10 (410.)			
Type of water? . Depth of strata.	140	1/2/11/25 and		<del></del>	
Method of sealing strata off			- C. C.		
/ M					
(7) PUMP: Manufacturer's Name		- MAR 1	2 1981		
Type H.P.			5 1001		
8) WATER LEVELS: Land-surface elevation of the above mean sea level.	1100,		C		
tatic level 7 4 ft. below top of well. Date 2 -	12-81		2		
Artesian pressure lbs, per square inch Date					
Artesian water is controlled by: (Cap, valve, etc.	c)				
Downston in the second	, .				
9) WELL TESTS: Drawdown is amount water level lowered below static level	1 15	Work started 2 - /.	2 1981 Completed	7 - 12	1981
Was a pump test made? Yes No I If yes, by whom?				- 1/	19.77
field. 2.0 gal/min. with ft_drawdown_after	hrs	WELL DRILLER'S			
M. WELLER !	- 0	This well was drille	d under my jurisdiction	and this	report is
Recovery data (time taken as zero when pump turned off) (w.		true to the best of my	knowledge and belief.		
measured from well top to water level)	ater level	TENSENS	WELL DRILLIN	c & DD	MINIC
Time Water Level   Time Water Level   Time Wat	er Level	(Person,	firm, or corporation)	(Type or nr	int)
The second secon		•		in I am	Inc 11
		Address / V.C.)	LICE AVE, YAK	$IMA_jW$	UNIT !
a of test		061	À A	. 11	
e of test	hrs.	[Signed] Mus	(Well Driller)	- di	1
artesian flowg.p.m. Date		071	,	/ 2	. D
Temperature of water $\mathfrak{I}$ $\mathfrak{E}$ Was a chemical analysis made? Yes	D No M	License No. C	/ Date )	- 12	, 19.2.

## WATER WELL REPORT

STATE OF WASHINGTON

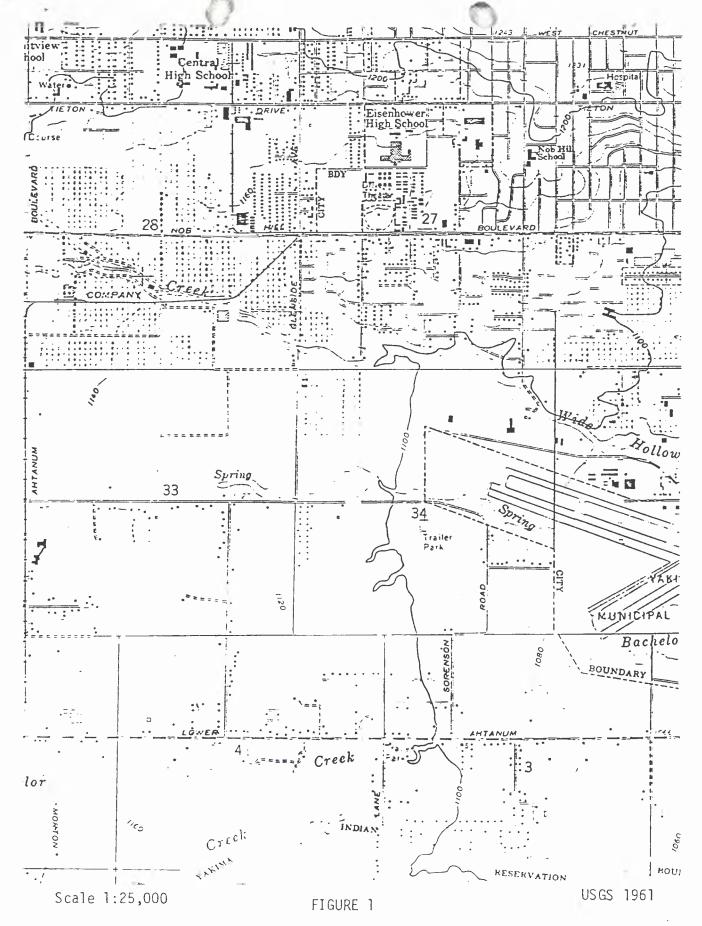
Application 1	i
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	WASHINGTON Permit No
(1) OWNER: Name (b)(6)	Address Wakismallia
(2) LOCATION OF WELL: County 1/2/62.00	- 71 E 14 560 14 Sec 27 T/3 N. R/8 W.M.
Boaring and distance from section or subdivision corner 2 /64	
., PROPOSED USE: Domestic of Industrial   Municipal	(10) WELL LOG:
Irrigation   Test Well   Other	Formation: Describe by color, character, size of material and structure, and show thickness of aquifers and the kind and nature of the material in each status penetrated with status penetrated.
(4) TYPE OF WORK: Owner's number of well /	stratum penetrated, with at least one entry for each change of formation.  MATERIAL FROM TO
New well 😿 Method: Dug 🗌 Bored 🗍 Deepened 🗍 Cable 🗍 Driven 🗍	Top Sall C 4
Reconditioned Rotary Jetted	97
(5) DIMENSIONS: Diameter of well 6 inches.	Harpand graveldage 434
Drilled 62.53 ft. Depth of completed well 62.5 ft.	Sandstoni Allan James 3451
(6) CONSTRUCTION DETAILS:	
Casing installed: 4 "Diam. from L. ft. to 40 ft.	dund stones than they is
Threaded [] "Diam. from ft. to ft.	2016 Wales 61 15
Welded 7 Diam. from ft. to ft.	37 65
Perforations: Yes   No X	
Type of perforator used	
ft. to ft.	
perforations from ft. to ft ft perforations from ft. to ft ft.	
Screens: Yes No X  Manufacturer's Name	
Type Model No	
Diam	
Gravel packed: Yes No & Size of gravel:	
Gravel placed from	
Surface seal: Yes No D To what depth? 32 ft.	
Material used in seal Bestleril	
Did any strata contain unusable water? Yes No XI  Type of water? Depth of strata	The state of the s
Method of sealing strata off	
(7) PUMP: Manufacturer's Name	
Type: H.P	
(8) WATER LEVELS: Land-surface elevation above mean sea level	**
Static level // /2 ft. below top of well Date 27-11-74	
Artesian water is controlled by	
(Cap, vaive, ctc.)	
(9) WELL TESTS: Drawdown is amount water level is lowered below static level	Wante standed 29-11 1974 - 39-11 70
Was a pump test made? Yes [ No [] If yes, by whom?	WELL DILL EDS CHAMENEDID
Yield: f-f) gal./min. with ft. drawdown after hrs.	WELL DRILLER'S STATEMENT:
	This well was drilled under my jurisdiction and this report is true to the best of my knowledge and belief.
Recovery data (time taken as zero when pump turned off) (water level measured from well top to water level)	Control Divilion has
Time Water Level Time Water Level Time Water Level	NAME (Person, firm, or corporation) (Type or print)
	Address 202 Ariver (Pd Hakeny (1')
	(11 + 11 91 + 1
Date of testgal/min. withft. drawdown afterhrs.	[Signed] LULCO A CONTROL
r testgat/min. withit. drawdown afternrs.	(Well Driller)
Temperature of water Was a chemical analysis made? Yes [] No [2]	License No. (

# WATER WELL REPORT STATE OF WASHINGTON

Application No.C. 3-20651

(1) OWNER: Name City of Yakima	Address 129 N. 2nd St., Yakima, Wa.	98901		
(2) LOCATION OF WELL: County Yakina	— SW 1/4 SW 1/4 Sec. 27 T.1	3 ° א פ 1	8 711.15	
and distance from section or subdivision corner N. 50° W 3		J	-C1 W ,5/1.	
(2) PROPOSED USE: Domestic   Industrial   Municipal	(10) WELL LOG:			
Irrigation [ Test Well   Other	Formation: Describe by color, character, size of material and structure, and show thickness of aquifers and the kind and nature of the material in each stratum pencirated, with at least one entry for each change of formation.			
(4) TYPE OF WORK: Owner's number of well (if more than one)	MATERIAL	FROM	TO	
New well 10 Method: Dug Bored	top soil tan	0		
Deepened	Conglomerate gravel & boulders fir.		75	
	= gravel & sand med. soft	75	80	
(5) DIMENSIONS: Diameter of well8 inches.	Sand gray loose med. to fine	80	S2	
Drilled 532 ft. Depth of completed well 222 ft.	Conclorerate gray firm	52	100	
(6) CONSTRUCTION DETAILS:	Sandstone with gravel & silt Med s	of 100	106	
Casing installed: 12 " Diam. from 0 ft. to 50 ft.	Conglomerate tan med. firm	106	115	
Threaded [] 8." Diam. from ±2 ft. to .332 ft.	gray hard	115	129	
Welded [3] "Diam. from	gravel sand silt brown s	of 129	145	
	tan hard	145	147	
Perforations: Yes M No D	Sand & gravel silted m. s		202	
Type of periorator used star  SIZE of perforations in. by 11 in.	coarse tan heavy silt	202	215	
perforations from ft. to ft.	" clay sand s. gravel soft	215	219	
2400 perforations from 245 ft. to 350 ft.	<u> </u>	219	220	
perforations from ft. to ft.			241	
Screens: Yes [] No.[]	UINI INI C	241	246	
Manufacturer's Name	tan firm-marrow soft stret	-	262	
Type Model No	Compacted stall gravel-sand-silt	so262	271	
Mam. Slot size from ft. to ft.	licht brown-good weter	271	280	
Diam. Slot size from ft. to ft.	Clay-tan-sore gravel-sand soft	280	256	
cravel packed: Yes 🗆 No 🛱 Size of gravel:	Conclorerate tan (light) med. fir		305	
Gravel placed from ft. to ft.	Compacded sand-small gravel tan-			
Surface seal: Yes D No D To what depth? 56 ft.	licht silt (water)	7.05	312	
Material used in seal Neat cement	Compact gravel-sand-heaver silt	,		
Did any strata contain unusable water? Yes No 🗹	tan (witer)	= 12	324	
Type of water? Depth of strata  Method of sealing strata off	Gompact sand-coarse-brown(water)	324	<u> </u>	
	Clay with sand-tight	531	552	
(7) PUMP: Manufacturer's NameTait				
Type:YEIIILIE TUITITIE RFUV	Major aquaters at 271ft to 280ft			
(8) WATER LEVELS: Land-surface elevation 1765 ft.	305ft to 351ft			
Static level 16 ft. below top of well Date 9/26/73				
Artesian pressurelbs. per square inch Date	Other noticable lesser acuaters			
Artesian water is controlled by(Cap, valve, etc.)	SOft, to 39ft, 100ft, to 100ft.			
(9) WELL TESTS: Drawdown is amount water level is lowered below static level	Possible other undticable narrow			
Was a pump test made? Yes \( \text{No} \) If yes, by whom \( \text{No.Secns} \)	Work started 7/15 19.73 Completed 9	/25	, 19. 7.5	
Yield: 600 gal/min. with 60 ft. drawdown after 6 hrs.	WELL DRILLER'S STATEMENT:			
" 500 " 62 " 10 "	This well was drilled under my jurisdiction :	and this r	enort is	
97 19 29 25	true to the best of my knowledge and belief.	1110 11113 1	eport 13	
Recovery data (time taken as zero when pump turned off) (water level measured from well top to water level)		•		
Time Water Level   Time Water Level   Time Water Level	NAME Cassel Well Drilling (Person, firm, or corporation) (7	Prince or not		
2:00 30 2:013 50 2:05 25	· ·	Type or pri	1111)	
	Address 1503 Voelker Yakira, Wn. 9	3203		
3/17/75	January 1			
Batter test 80 gal/min with 12 ft. drawdown after 1 hrs.	[Signed] (Well Driller)	-21-	•••••	
Artesian flow g.p.m. Date				
Temperature of water	License No. 0075 Date 9/20/	1.2	., 19	
. 124 114				
(USA) ADDITIONAL SE	(EETS IF NECESSARY)			



YAKIMA AGRICULTURAL RESEARCH LABORATORY, YAKIMA, WA